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## 1. EGYPT NOT BELIEVED PREPARING EARLY OFFENSIVE AGAINST ISRAEL

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is no positive evidence" that Egypt at this time is taking military, political or psychological measures which would indicate preparation for a large-scale offensive against Israel.

Egypt's armed forces have gradually been placed on a war footing, but American observers believe they are not now capable of launching a successful offensive action. The army is believed to be deployed defensively, only a small percentage of pilots are near combat readiness with Soviet-bloc equipment, and a large number of navy personnel are still training abroad.

Prime Minister Nasr and his associates appear confident that time is on Egypt's side, and it appears Nasr stands to gain much more politically from the continued danger of war with Israel than from the "liquidation" of this danger. Nasr, it is felt, also needs time to set up a quasi-civilian regime which would make him more independent of the army, and war now would not serve this purpose.

While the Egyptian people are psychologically prepared to rally behind the government in case of war, no special effort has been made to whip up enthusiasm.

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## 2. KING SAUD SAYS HE WILL RENEW DHAHRAN AIRFIELD AGREEMENT

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25X1A	King Saud told Ambassador Wadsworth on 21 March that he had decided to renew the Dhahran airfield agreement with the United States.	
	The king said that during his recent meeting in Cairo with Egyptian prime minister Nasr and Syrian president Quwatli it had been suggested to him that Egypt an Syria would arrange to obtain arms from the Soviet bloc for Saudi Arabia. The king said he replied he would take no arm from such a source unless the United States refused to suppl him. He did agree to accept from Egypt 25 British jet plane and certain other types of arms of non-Communist origin.	d ns lv
	Saud also stated Nasr and Quwatli felt as he did that Communist penetration had to be resisted, and that the Syrians desired assistance from the United States to support them in this effort. The king reasserted the necessiof Western action to keep Israel from resuming work on diverting Jordan River water.	ity
	Comment  Saud's statement regarding renewal of the Dhahran airfield agreement was almost certainly intended to be qualified by his other statements on his expectation of American arms support and American politoward Israel. The king usually leaves more direct bargain ing to members of his entourage, as presumably will be the case in this instance.	icv

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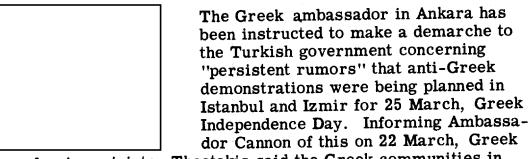
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### 3. GREEKS FEAR NEW ANTI-GREEK DEMONSTRATIONS IN TURKEY

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foreign minister Theotokis said the Greek communities in Istanbul and Izmir were in such a state of alarm that Independence Day ceremonies in Istanbul had been canceled and the Greek consul general in Izmir had taken up the reports with the local governor.

On 23 March, the governor of Istanbul issued a communiqué referring to "harmful insinuations... fabricated to annoy and agitate our Greek compatriots" and announced that 'even the slightest disturbance will not be tolerated."

#### Comment

Similar reports were received in Athens immediately before the anti-Greek riots in Istanbul and Izmir last September. A repetition of those riots on the same scale could hardly happen now without the acquiescence of the Turkish government, since Istanbul is still under martial law. However, isolated attacks on the Greek community in Istanbul could occur at any time.

Tension between Greece and Turkey is still increasing, and clashes on Cyprus between Greek and Turkish Cypriots will inevitably have repercussions in both countries.

The feeling of insecurity of the Greek element in Istanbul persists because of recurrent suggestions in the Turkish parliament and press for a new population exchange to be arranged between Greece and Turkey.

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### 4. INDONESIAN PRESIDENT'S ATTITUDE ON NEW CABINET GIVES OPENING TO COMMUNISTS

25X1A	press has already sizing that the Co	President Sukarno's statement on 21 March that the new Indonesian cabinet is 'not perfect' will enable the Com- munists to use the president's prestige to undermine the new coalition, accord- an embassy in Djakarta. The Communist exploited the president's stand, empha- mmunists want to unite the nation, and ple to work for a change in the cabinet's
	Comment	Sukarno reportedly wanted to include a Communist sympathizer in the otherwise
	the cabinet his ap	abinet, and delayed five days before giving proval, presumably because the Commu-

ing the past few months that in view of the Communists' unexpectedly large popular vote in the 1955 elections, they are

"acceptable" as long as they work for "national unity."

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### 5. EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS CONFUSED BY SHIFT IN LINE ON STALIN

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	of- ficials in the middle and lower echelons	2
were totally un	of the Socialist Unity (Communist) Party prepared for the sudden shift in party line on	
•	party members were demanding clarification	
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ing the extent	ences of opinion among party members regard- of Stalin's guilt and that some Communists re- concept of the former Soviet leader.	
-	25X1A	<u> </u>

Comment This reaction apparently predates knowledge by the party's rank and file of Khrushchev's speech to a secret session of the Soviet congress condemning Stalin.

In a speech in Berlin on 17 March, Ulbricht tried to clarify the new concept of Stalin and admitted that his open condemnation of the former dictator on 4 March had created much confusion. Ulbricht's 4 March statement in which he said that Stalin could not be "counted among the classic figures of Marxism" was the first open criticism of Stalin to follow the Soviet party congress.

Although the resultant confusion among party members creates some problems for the leadership, it is not believed that it will have any immediate effect on the stability of the regime.

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## 6. YUGOSLAV OFFICIAL COMMENTS ON KHRUSHCHEV'S ATTACK ON STALIN

The Yugoslavs have obtained a summary of the Khrushchev speech condemning Stalin, according to Franc Kos, a high Yugoslav Foreign Ministry offithat while this version was incomplete, the Yugoslavs felt it contained the gist of what occurred. They expect even further revelations in the course of the "rehabilitation" of Stalin victims, of whom they say 7,000 have already been "rehabilitated," although not all of these are alive.

Kos said that there was no indication when Khrushchev and Bulganin visited Belgrade last May that they were undertaking a plan to destroy Stalinism. The Soviet leaders had consistently rejected Yugoslav statements that Stalin was primarily responsible for the 1948 break and had insisted that Beria had deceived Stalin.

Kos indicated his belief that if last October's foreign ministers' conference in Geneva were held now, the results would be much more satisfactory, particularly with respect to East-West contacts. Kos doubted that the Cominform would be formally dissolved, but suggested instead that the USSR may be allowing it to lapse.

Kos said that the Yugoslav attitude to these Soviet developments was to "wait and see" until deeds match words but that Yugoslavia was not prepared to say this publicly.

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# THE ARAB-ISRAELI SITUATION (Information as of 1700, 23 March)

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•	A marked decline in flying activity by the	
	Egyptian air force during the last ten days  While this may have been in-	25X1
	tended to conserve fuel, there is no indication of a fuel shortage.	
	Movement of Egyptian aircraft to Sinai airfields, while possible.	
	25X1A Syrian troops have reoccupied positions on the northeast side of Lake Tiberias which were destroyed by the	25X1A
	Israeli raid last December and	25X1
	fortifications have been constructed in a narrow strip which is	
	claimed by Israel. The Syrians are also reported to be using	

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